VECTECH ET9484E TWXBCB79&80 4-Axis Desktop Soldering Robot

Instruction Manual

Thank you very much for purchasing this Robot.

This operation manual describes the features and operation of the robot. The detailed description about the teaching and processing may refer to the operation manual of the "Teach Pendant".

Before using, read the manual thoroughly for proper use of the robot. Store the manual in a safe easily accessible place for future reference.

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I .Safety Instruction

1.1 Safety symbol

	Serious warning
×	The product poses a risk of electric shock.
/// >	Only authorized person can change settings.
	Push the red emergency switch for power off in an emergency
	situation.
~	Forbid working while the power wire was damaged.
~	If the device remains unused for a long time, please pull the
	power cord out of power socket.
~	During maintenance and inspection of the robot, attention power
	status and pull out the power plug of the controller.
~	Install a Frame Ground to prevent electric shock.
4	There is a dangerous voltage inside the device! Only be
	authorized by the experienced and be an expert can repair the
	equipment, or contact the agents, manufactures, when the system
	fails to repair.
>>	Risk for injury.
	Do not extend your body to machine when it works well or
	powers on.
	Do not wet and disassemble the machine when used. Also do not
	pull power cord.
►	Please keep the machine and table clean, which will help reduce
	accidents.
	Unprofessional person can not change arbitrarily. When
	performing maintenance, please turn off the power supply and air
	pressure.
×	This product is non-explosion-proof and is strictly prohibited for
	potential explosive environment.
∧ >	Make sure that the heating controller parts are securely fastened
to	the machine before using it.
	Flammable and explosive objects or gas solvents are strictly
	prohibited in the working area.

	Warning
	Do not move the movements by hands to avoid damaging
	the robot.
	Do not touch the moving parts in your work, or you may
	damage the machine or accident.
	During the operation of the machine, please do not put your
	hand into the device, which may cause the user to get
	injured or cause substantial damage to the object involved.
¥	During the suspension of the machine, please check the
	condition carefully for manual operation, otherwise it may
	cause the user to get injured or cause substantial damage to
	the object involved.
\wedge	Avoid falling the fittings or having an accident, please take
	the device and fittings by help.
	Mind head, attention about the sheet metal.
>	Carry to an applicable place, install the device on a flat
	floor.
>	The product must be used or stored in an applicable
$0^{4}0^{\circ}$	environment.
	Working ambient temperature is $0 \sim 40^{\circ}$ C, relative humidity
	is 20%~90%.
	The equipment is heavy and huge, do not pile up.
	Do not pile up items in the scope of the machine
	Before moving and carrying, make sure the movements is
	fixed (for example the X-axis may be fixed by sheet metal
	or lines for safety).
>	Unfold the packaging, before using the robot, make sure the
	movements' fixture (for example the X-axis may be fixed by
	sheet metal or lines for safety) is torn down.
	Regularly inspect and maintain will increase durability and
	performance.
>	Must operate the robot by standard procedure.
>	Before starting a repetitive operation, make sure that there is
	no obstacle in the robot's working area.

>	Please use robot within the standard requirements (such as
10 7 Pa	voltage, air pressure, power frequency) as stated in the
NU IM a	specification.
	Make sure the air source is clean and dry.
\succ	Suggest the air pressure is less than 0.7Mpa.
	Attention
	Do not throw the packaging and foamed plastic.
	If the robot should come back to the manufacture or agency,
r	it must be folded by initial package.
J >	The robot must be placed vertically.
>	The robot can be packet after fold by foamed plastic.
\triangleright	The robot can not get wet in transit or stored procedures.

1.2 Unpacking and inspection

Wooden case packing:

- ① Put wooden case packing on the floor vertically, tear up the fixed film.
- 2 Take the screw out of the wooden case by drill and unfold the wooden case.
- ③ Take and carry the device by two or more people, put firmly on appropriate station.
- ④ Unfold the packaging, before using the robot, make sure the movements' fixture (for example

the X-axis may be fixed by sheet metal or lines for safety) is taken down.

(5) All fittings are in the table as follows:

Item	Part Name	Model	Quantity	Figure
1	Heating controller	378FA	1	
2	Teach pendant	9011D	1	
3	Teach pendant cord	DB9	1	

4	Power cord		1	
5	Manual	Manual instructions	2	Autoral QUICK 全自記 全自記 単元 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 二 一 二 一 二 一 二 一 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二
6	Tin slag box	9026GP	1	
7	Key box	8031A	1	

Check the machine carefully, if you have any problem, please contact manufacturer immediately!

II.Introduction

The robot is high-precision automatic soldering equipment with four shafting. The system provides users with convenient programming instruction, larger storage space, fast processing speed, rich parameter setting and effective flow control, which can improve production capacity. According to actual production requirement, on the premise of meet the motion performance index, the optimization design was carried out on the product structure, to meet the requirements of flexible.



• Comprehensive 3-dimensional drawings support, such as 3-dimensional linear interpolation, capabilities of teaching 3D graphics and user-defined 3D array and so on.

• Group function: This function allows users copy, delete, modify, array, and pan multi-points.

• Excellent teach pendant. Supporting advanced function, such as array, group edit, sub-procedure, condition-call procedure etc.

• Unique merge function: Easy resolution to process complex multi-layers irregular array and non-array graphics.

• Capable to control the length of feeding solder wire at single point, and to edit the parameters of any multi-points at one time.

• Smooth functions of changing speed and hi-speed trajectory on the moving. User-definable speed parameters.

• Multiple processing modes, such as single-step operation, overall processing, and automatic loop processing.

- Smooth movement speed ensures product reliability
- Manual debugging, control the whole production process
- High power heating controller, high heat capacity tip, guarantee welding quality and stability

2.2 Technical Data

Model		VECTECH ET9484E-TWXBCB79&80	
Input power		100V-240VAC 50/60HZ	
Power consumption	ion	250W	
Number of contro	ollable axis	4Axis	
	X axis (mm)	400	
Axis movement	Y axis (mm)	400	
range (max)	Z axis (mm)	100	
	R axis (°)	300	
	X (mm/s)	0.1~800	
Movement	Y (mm/s)	0.1~800	
speed(max)	Z (mm/s)	0.1~300	
	R (°/s)	0.1~800	
Repeatable	X/Y/Z axis (mm)	±0.01	
accuracy	R axis (°)	± 0.02	
Devel diamatic	X/Y/Z axis(mm)	0.01	
Resolution ratio	R axis (°)	0.01	
Z&R Axis payloa	ad(Kg)	3	
Y Axis payload (Kg)	8	
Noise		<70dB (Measure in the distance of 1m)	
Working	Temperature	0~40°C	
ambient	Relative humidity	$20\% \sim 90\%$ (No condensation)	
Temperature stability		±3°	
Weight (Kg)		75Kg	

NOTE: 1. Ensure that your power supply data agrees with the information on the nameplate of the machine!

The TWXBCB79 machine is 371L wire feeder device, and the TWXBCB80 machine is 371LI wire feeder device

2.3 Part description



Item	Part Name	Item	Part Name
1	Z Axis stepper motor + lead screw	8	Emergency stop button
2	R Axis stepper motor + synchronous belt	9	Operation panel
3	Soldering iron	10	Y Axis hybrid servo motor + synchronous belt
4	Soldering tip	11	Heating controller
5	Teach pendant	12	X Axis stepper motor + synchronous belt
6	Tin slag box	13	Wire feeder device
7	Start/Pause button		

2.4 Dimension



Left view



Top view



Unit: mm

III.Connection

3.1 Connection



- 1. Power switch: it's a power connecting or disconnecting device.
- 2. Power inlet module: connect 110V/220V AC power cord to power inlet module.
- 3. ESD Port
- 4. Power socket: it's 220V AC power supply.
- 5. 5-pin socket: connect to light curtain, refer to 3.2.3 5-pin socket instruction.
- 6. 5-pin socket: reserved socket, refer to 3.2.3 5-pin socket instruction.
- 7. DB9 port: reserved socket, refer to 3.4 Instruction about DB9 socket.
- 8. 7-pin socket: connect to heating controller refer to 3.2.4 7-pin socket instruction.
- 9. RJ45Socket: connect to heating controller, it follows RS485 Standard Communication Protocol.
- 10. DB37 port: reserved socket, refer to 3.3 Instruction about DB37 socket.
- 11. 4-pin socket: connect to key box, refer to 3.2.2 4-pin socket instruction.
- 12. 6-pin socket: connect to soldering iron.
- 13. 8-pin socket: connect to wire feeder device.
- 14. 5-pin socket: connect to light house, refer to 3.2.3 5-pin socket instruction.

3.2 I/O Socket Instruction

3.2.1 Circuit Instruction of I/O Socket



3.2.2 4-pin Socket instruction

4-pin socket	Pin NO.	Pin Name	Function
3	4P-1	Min4	It's used to connect to "START/STOP" operation button.
4	4P-2	GND	"0V" Power supply

4P-3	Min1	It's used to connect to "ORG" operation button.
4P-4	Min2	It's used to connect to emergency stop operation button.

NOTE: * If the customers need special function, the input and output signal can be set again.

3.2.3 5-pin Socket instruction

5-pin socket is reserved socket, pin's functions refer to following table.

5-pin socket	Pin NO.	Pin Name	Function
	5P-1	24V	"24V" Power supply
	5P-2	0V	"0V" Power supply
	5P-3	Min 3	It's used to connect safety signal.
	5P-4	Ein13	It's used to alarm when solder wire is lacking.
	5P-5	Ein14	It's used to control temperature alarm.

5-pin socket is reserved socket, pin's functions refer to following table.

5-pin socket	Pin NO.	Pin Name	Function
	5P-1	24V	"24V" Power supply
3	5P-2 0V		"0V" Power supply
4 0 0 2	5P-3	Min 3	It's used to connect safety signal.
5 0 0 1	5P-4	Ein13	It's used to alarm when solder wire is lacking.
	5P-5	Ein14	It's used to control temperature alarm.

5-pin socket is connected to light house, pin's functions refer to following table.

5-pin socket	Pin NO.	Pin Name	Function
	5P-1	24V	"24V" Power supply
3	5P-2	Eout5	Buzzer/light house
	5P-3	Eout6	Green light/light house
	5P-4	Eout7	Yellow light/light house
	5P-5	Eout8	Red light/light house

5-pin socket is connected to light curtain, pin's functions refer to following table.

5-pin socket	Pin NO.	Pin Name	Function
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	5P-1	24V	"24V" Power supply
3	5P-2	0V	"0V" Power supply
4 0 0 2	5P-3	Min 3	Connect to light curtain
5 0 0 1	5P-4	NC	No connection
	5P-5	NC	No connection

NOTE: * If the customers need special function, the input and output signal can be set again.

3.2.4 7-pin Socket Instruction

7-pin socket	Pin NO.	Pin Name	Function	
	7P-1	24V	"24V" Power supply	
	7P-2	GND	"0V" Power supply	
	7P-3	Mout1	It is used to feeding signal.	
$5 \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\$	7P-4	Mout4	It is used to cylinder movement signal.	
	7P-5	Ein12	It is used to connect to block material sensor.	
	7P-6	Mout2	It is used to output working status signal.	
	7 P- 7	Mout5	In effective only in pulse signal.	

7-pin socket is connected to heating controller, pin's functions refer to following table.

NOTE: * If the customers need special function, the input and output signal can be set again.

3.3 Instruction about DB37 socket

NOTE: DB37 socket is an optional fitting. It must be ordered if you need it to do information input or output.

3.3.1 Pins Instruction of DB37

	P19	DB37	P01		
	9	*****	20		
	P37		P20	(socket of DB	37)
NO.	Pin's port	Corresponding I/O interface of DB37	NO.	Pin's port	Corresponding I/O interface of DB37
1	GND	P01	20	GND	P20
2	Eout8	P02	21	Ein8	P21
3	Eout7	P03	22	Ein7	P22
4	Eout6	P04	23	Ein6	P23
5	Eout5	P05	24	Ein5	P24
6	Eout4	P06	25	Ein4	P25
7	Eout3	P07	26	Ein3	P26
8	Eout2	P08	27	Ein2	P27
9	Eout1	P09	28	Ein1	P28
10	СОМ	P10	29	GND	P29
11	GND	P11	30	Ein16	P30
12	Eout16	P12	31	Ein15	P31
13	Eout15	P13	32	Ein14	P32
14	Eout14	P14	33	Ein13	P33
15	Eout13	P15	34	Ein12	P34
16	Eout12	P16	35	Ein11	P35
17	Eout11	P17	36	Ein10	P36
18	Eout10	P18	37	Ein9	P37
19	Eout9	P19			

3.3.2 Circuit Instruction of DB37



3.4 Instruction about DB9 socket



3.4.1 Pins Instruction of DB9

	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ 1 \\ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ 6 \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc$						
Item	Pins	Function	Item	Pins	Function		
1	9P-1	No connection	6	9P-6	No connection		
2	9P-2	TX(transmitter signal)	7	9P-7	2-485A		
3	9P-3	RX(receiver signal)	8	9P-8	2-485B		
4	9P-4	No connection	9	9P-9	No connection		
5	9P-5	GND(power supply "0V")					

3.5 Instruction of Input & Output

- The following input interfaces and output interfaces are corresponding to the signal pins which are defined as "Min, Mout, Ein, Eout" at the above socket. Also, it is corresponding to the interface at the "IO Test" displaying window.
- After setting, it can test the function of IO interface at the "IO Test" displaying window.
- The interfaces in following table can be set at the "Input Config" or "Output Config" of "System Config 2" of teaching pendant. It can define the special function for the following input & output interfaces which are corresponding to the above sockets.

Board	Port	Function
Expansion output port	Eout5	Buzzer/light house

	Eout6	Green light/light house	
	Eout7	Yellow light/light house	
	Eout8	Red light/light house	
	Ein12	Wire block alarm signal	
Expansion input port	Ein13	Wire lack alarm signal	
	Ein14	Temperature alarm signal	
	Min1	Reset button signal	
Main input port	Min2	Emergency stop button signal	
	Min4	Left start/pause button signal	
	Mout1	Wire feeder device motor pulse	
Main output port	Mout3	Blow (tin slag box enable signal)	
	Mout5	Wire feeder device motor direction	

3.5.1 IO Function Definition

 In the "Input Cor 	nfig 2" displ	aying window,	it can set the	input interface:
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Port	Optional Function			
Min1	, Shortcut1, Origin BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2			
Min2	, Shortcut 2, Stop BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2			
Min3	, Shortcut 3, Start BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS			
Min4	, Shortcut 4, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2			
Min5	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag.			
Min6	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag.			
Min7	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lacl fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag.			
 , Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Min8 fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pre flag. 				
Ein1~Ein8	, Shortcut 5-259			

Ein1	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag, shortcut 5.		
Ein2	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag, shortcut 6		
Ein3	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag, shortcut 7		
Ein4	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag, shortcut 8		
Ein5	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag, shortcut 9		
Ein6	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag, shortcut 10		
Ein7	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag, shortcut 11		
Ein8	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag, shortcut 12		
Ein09	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Adj X-Limit, Shortcut 260, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag		
Ein10	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Adj X-Limit, Shortcut 261, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag		
Ein11	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Adj X-Limit, Shortcut 262, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag		
Ein12	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Shortcut 263, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag		
Ein13	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Shortcut 264, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag		
Ein14	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Shortcut 265, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag		

Ein15	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Shortcut 266, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag		
Ein16	, Origin BTN, Stop BTN, Start BTN, Foot BTN, safe flag-1, safe flag-2, Shortcut 267, Lack fault, Block fault, Temp fault, Temp\Feed fault, Upper CS, Nether CS, pressure flag		
Kin1	、 Upper CS, Nether CS		
Kin2	、 Upper CS, Nether CS		
Kin3	、 Upper CS, Nether CS		
Kin4	, Upper CS, Nether CS		

2. In the "Output Config 2" display window, the output interface can be set:

Port	Optional Function		
Mout1~Mout4	, Nozzle 1, Nozzle 2, Nozzle 3, Nozzle 4, Working Flag, Work End Flag, Cylinder, Clean Output		
Eout09~Eout16	, Ready Flag, Alarm Flag, Working Flag, Work End Flag, Cylinder, Clean Output, pause flag, left light flag, right light flag		

3. In the teaching pendant, "Eout09~Eout16" are corresponding to the "Eout8+ $(0\sim8)$ " at the "IO Test" and "Output (point)" displaying window.

Input And Output Test					
F1	Mout:	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
F2	Eout:	0+12345678			
F3	Eout:	8+12345678			
	Min:	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	Ein:	0+ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	Ein:	8+12345678			
	Kin:				

Namely, "Eout8+ 1" is the output interface "Eou09". "Eout8+ 2" is the output interface "Eou10". "Eout8+ 3" is the output interface "Eou11", etc.

4.5.2 IO Function Instruction

Input signal function	Function Instruction	
	N/A.	

Origin BTN	Input the reset signal into the unit by corresponding signal pin, and the unit will run the reset (ORG) operation.	
Stop BTNInput the stop signal into the unit by corresponding signal unit stops the current operation.		
Start BTN	Input the start signal into the unit by corresponding signal pin, and the unit starts to work or pauses the current work.	
Foot BTNInput the foot switch signal into the unit by corresponding sign the unit runs the foot switch operation and the function is simila "Start BTN".		
Safe flag-1	Input the signal "breakover ground" into the unit by corresponding signal pin and the unit comes into the testing state (cannot move and can only be programmed).	
Safe flag-2Input the signal "break over ground" into the unit by correct signal pin and the unit comes into the testing state (cannot move only be programmed).		
Lack fault	Input the signal "lack fault" into the unit by corresponding signal pin and the unit comes into the process, such as stop working, alarming etc	
Block fault	Input the signal "block fault" into the unit by corresponding signal pin and the unit comes into the process, such as stop working, alarming etc	
Temp fault	Input the signal "temp fault" into the unit by corresponding signal pin and the unit comes into the process, such as stop working, alarming etc	
Temp/Feed fault	Input the signal "temp/feed fault" into the unit by corresponding signal pin and the unit comes into the process, such as stop working, alarming etc	
Upper CS Input the signal "cylinder up sensor (in retraction state)" into the corresponding signal pin and the unit judges the position of whether in retraction state.		
Nether CS	Input the signal "cylinder down sensor (in reaching state)" into the unit by corresponding signal pin and the unit judges the position of cylinder whether in reaching state.	

Adj X-Limit Adj Y-Limit Adj Z-Limit	It is effective only for the soldering robot and only when connecting with "9036 tip calibration device". "Adj X-Limit" is corresponding to the "Ein09". Input the signal by "Ein09" to calibrate the X-axis of tip. "Adj Y-Limit" is corresponding to the "Ein10". Input the signal by "Ein10" to calibrate the Y-axis of tip. "Adj Z-Limit" is corresponding to the "Ein11". Input the signal by "Ein11" to calibrate the Z-axis of tip. (Note: only calibrating X/Y/Z at the same time, it can calibrate the tip's position.)		
Shortcut	It is corresponding to the shortcut of processing file. The shortcut can be set in the "File Name" display window of teaching pendant. It can be used do find the required processing files quickly.		
Shortcut1	Min1		
Shortcut 2	Min2		
Shortcut 3	Min3		
Shortcut 4	Min4		
Shortcut 5~259	It is corresponding to the "Ein1~Ein8". Namely, the high & low electrical level of "Ein1~Ein8" can form 255 (1~255) kinds signal. The shortcut (5~259) is the sum of the electrical level digit add 4.		
Pressure flag	The condition of air pressure.		
	Function Instruction		
Output signal function	Function Instruction		
Output signal function 	Function Instruction Not have function.		
Output signal function Nozzle 1	Function Instruction Not have function. Once the nozzle 1 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not.		
Output signal function Nozzle 1 Nozzle 2	Function Instruction Not have function. Once the nozzle 1 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 2 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not.		
Output signal function Nozzle 1 Nozzle 2 Nozzle 3	Function Instruction Not have function. Once the nozzle 1 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 2 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 3 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not.		
Output signal function Nozzle 1 Nozzle 2 Nozzle 3 Nozzle 4	Function Instruction Not have function. Once the nozzle 1 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 2 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 3 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 4 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not.		
Output signal function Nozzle 1 Nozzle 2 Nozzle 3 Nozzle 4 Ready flag	Function Instruction Not have function. Once the nozzle 1 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 2 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 3 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 4 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 4 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. When the unit comes into the normal ready state, the output is in conducting state, namely, once receiving the "START" signal, it comes to run. And it closes the output after running.		
Output signal function Nozzle 1 Nozzle 2 Nozzle 3 Nozzle 4 Ready flag Alarm flag	Function Instruction Not have function. Once the nozzle 1 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 2 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 3 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 4 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. Once the nozzle 4 comes to run the program, the output is in conducting state, or else not. When the unit comes into the normal ready state, the output is in conducting state, namely, once receiving the "START" signal, it comes to run. And it closes the output after running. When set the mode as alarming, once it detects the abnormal state, the output is in conducting state, or else not.		

Work End flag	After t finishing the process, the output is keeping in conducting state 200ms, or else not.	
Cylinder	Once the unit comes to run the cylinder process, the output is in conducting state, control cylinder motion, or else not.	
Clean output	Once the unit comes to run the clean process, the output is in conducting state, do the clean (blowing or revolving brush), or else not.	
Pause flag	The condition of pause BTN	
Left light flag	The condition of left light on key box	
Right light flag	The condition of right light on key box	

Note:

- The function settings of input & output cannot be accessed by the operator. It can only be operated by the manufacturer.
- Will not give advanced information if some functions are changed.

IV. Commissioning

4.1 Debug steps

4.1.1 Security check before operation

Inspect the line and do NOT power on if line was damaged or wet. Please invite the professional when the device needs maintenance.

Caution: High voltage, prevent electric shock.

User must inspect current and pneumatic station after installment or before first time using.

- 1. Inspect if the power supply is standard requirements or not.
- 2. Inspect if the device is grounding standard or not.
- 3. Make sure there is no person or obstacle in the robots working area.
- 4. Inspect if the moving parts was fixed.
- 5. Inspect if the emergency stop switch was pushed or not.
- 6. Inspect if the power switch was OFF or not.
- 7. Attach and detach the moving parts to make sure it is smooth.
- 8. Inspect if the socket and pipe is well-connected, make sure there is no leak.

4.1.2 Operation of First Time (without heating controller)

If using the unit for the first time, user should test the basic functionalities at first.

Step1: Install and Test

Before using, user should properly install and connect the system.

At first, user should test the basic functionalities of the system with the 'Test' function of the teach pendant.

Test including: Is there any problem with the axes movements towards positive or negative direction?

Step2: Parameters Setting

1. Press and hold the "7" button for 3s to enter into Solder Para Set menu, see following picture.



- 2. Setting
- Solder & Type

The Solder must be selected closed mode by pressing SHIF button. Ensure that the Type data agrees with the information on the nameplate of the wire feeder device.

Wire	feeder	device	type:
1110	recuer	40,100	type.

Туре	Figure	Туре	Figure
371L		371LI	
371H		371HI	%
371T(A)		371T(A)I	8
371Q(A)		371Q(A)I	

• Upper & Lower: Upper/Lower limit alarm temperature, refer to heating controller manual (378C serial).

Mode: working mode, refer to heating controller manual (378C serial).

Block 002: The alarm messages will be displayed when the sensor continuous detects block material two times.

Lock 002: The alarm messages will be displayed when the sensor continuous detects shortage material two times.

● FeedType

The FeedType must select "External".

3. Tip calibration process

1): Preset soldering tip temperature, as following process:



- 2): Measure the tip temperature process
- Tool: QUICK 191AD
- Process:
- a) Before measuring, clean the tip thoroughly.

b) Wet the tip with fresh solder then lay the tip on the measuring point with the correct method as the following figure 1. For most tips, the ideal angle is approximately 45 degrees (Figure 2). The temperature will change until the value seems to be stable.







Step3: Teaching Program

Program a graphic with teach pendant. Refer to the instruction manual of the teach pendant.

Step4: Download & Process

1. Download: please refer to instruction manual of the teaching pendant "Teaching File Download".

2. Process: please refer to instruction manual of the teaching pendant "File Processing".

4.1.3 Operation of First Time (with heating controller)

If using the unit for the first time, user should test the basic functionalities at first.

Step1: Install and Test

Before using, user should properly install and connect the system.

At first, user should test the basic functionalities of the system with the 'Test' function of the teaching pendant.

Test including: Is there any problem with the axes movements towards positive or negative direction?

Step2: Parameters Setting

Properly set the global parameters and other parameters using in the processing.

Remark: Failure to properly set the parameters will cause difficulties in using the system.

Step3: Teaching Program

Program a graphic with teaching pendant. Refer to the instruction manual of the teaching pendant.

Step4: Origin Calibration & Set the Parameters of the Teaching Pendant

1. Origin calibration: User should adjust the start point when a teaching file is created for the first time.

2. Set file parameters.

Step5: Download & Process

3. Download: please refer to instruction manual of the teaching pendant "Teaching File Download".

4. Process: please refer to instruction manual of the teaching pendant "File Processing".

4.1.4 Debugging steps (take a point for example)



1. Connect all the sockets, power cord and the main air input pipe.

2. Turn the pressure regulating valve for appropriate air pressure.

- 3. Turn off the heater controller and the solder feeder.
- 4. Entering File Edit interface, insert a POINT and moving the tips to the place you need soldering

by teach pendant. Details are as follow:

- 1) Press2to enter File List menu.
- 2) Press F1to create a new file.
- 3) Press F2 to edit the new file,
- 4) Press ENT to save it, see follow picture.



- 5) Press F2 to enter Name 2 menu.
- 6) Press F2 File Edit to enter "Y axis select " menu. Change to "left" or "right" by SHIFT button.
- 7) Press +/- to enter Insert menu and press 1 to enter Point menu.
 1 The speed (machine steps) can be adjusted by changing it.
 - 2 All axis can be moved manually by clicking "X-", "X+" or "Y-", "Y+" or "Z-", "Z+".
- 8) Press F4 to enter Point parameter menu.
- 9) Press 2 to set teach parameters
- 10) Press # to enter parameter menu and press ENT to save it.
- 11) Press ESC to back "Name 2" menu and you can press ENT to download the file 2.
- 12) Press F1 to start work.





4.2 Interrupt and continue

1. **Function**: For an interrupted processing file, it can continue to work at the next point of the interrupted point after troubleshooting.

2. The manner of continue the interrupted work: after troubleshooting, press the "START" button and keep more than 2s not loosen, the robot will continue to work from the interrupted point. If press and hold the "START" button for 2s, the robot will start the work from the start-point of the processing file.

As the different interrupt type, it can classify the interrupted point as the following table:

No.	Interrupted condition	Mark	Action of Stop after be Interrupted
1	Press STOP BTN	A/B/C/D	Stop immediately
2	Press EMERGENCY BTN	A/B/C/D	Stop immediately
3	Press ORG BTN	A/B/C/D	Stop immediately

Interrupted condition

4	Press PAUSE BTN	A/B/C/D	Stop immediately
5	Lack soldering alarm*	A/B/C/D	Stop immediately
6	Block soldering alarm*	A/B/C/D	Stop immediately
7	Temperature alarm*	A/B/C/D	Stop immediately

 \triangle Caution:

• If it was interrupted by emergency stop, you can continue after dismiss the emergency stop

and reset

• The above "interrupt type" is effective in the processing mode, and at the teaching mode and debugging mode, the "interrupt type" with "*" is ineffective.

4. A/B/C/D is interrupted mark, these mean:

Interrupted stop method

Interrupt mark	Interrupted station	Continue station		
А	From Start feeding to soldering finish	Jump interruption soldering, go straight to next point.		
В	Moving between two soldering point.	Go straight to next soldering point.		
С	Pause	Go to next soldering point.		
D	Holding up distance after soldering	Go to next soldering point.		

A Caution: If power outages during the operation, it cannot continue the interrupted work after troubleshooting.

V. Operation panel

5.1 Introduction



① Display area

Display temperature\communication\version information.

2 Operation button

Operation button functions list:

Operation Button	Functional Description
	 Direction Button Manual control shift (X,Y,Z,R Axis) movement
FA† FA↓	 Cylinder switch "FA ↑ " cylinder ON button, "FA ↓ " cylinder OFF button
PURGE	 Soldering tip purge button The button will active when the purge file downloads.
SHF	 Speed change button Total three speed: Low, Mid, Hig.
ENT	Confirm button

Operation Button	Functional Description
RESET	Reset button
LOOP	In the off-line status, press this button to enter into Loop menu.
S-POINT	Start point button
ESC	 Back button Press this button to return main menu, and the parameter will not save.
FEED	Feeding wire button
RETURN	Return wire button
CTRL	Heating controller switch (Built-in heating controller is effective)

5.2 Main menu (with teach pendant)

- Connect the power cord to the power supply.
- Connect teach pendant line from operation panel.
- Display version and communication information, see follow picture:



5.3 Main menu (disconnect teach pendant line)

Disconnect teach pendant line from operation panel and it will automatic enter into Work Mission menu, see following picture:

Work Mission	
6 1 🔻	State : 25top
	Temp : 3150
Run times	12]
vozzleUsed (5)66	18]

1 The current work process file name.

Press

button to change the file.

② State.

Show machine current state.

③ Temperature

Show tip current temperature.

Press

button to display the temperature information.

4 Run times

Display machine operation totalizer.

⑤ Nozzle Used

Display solderig tip operation totalizer, press "ENT" button to reset.

5.3.1 Loop menu

Loop Param	
Loop Times	00000
Loop Interval	0000.0 s
Org Interval	00000
Clean Interval	00000

Press

button to enter into Loop menu.

Press button to change the digital; press button to change the number.

5.3.2 S-point menu

Home Low	X+ X-
X: 000.00	Y+ Y-
Y: 000.00	Z+ 3 Z-
2: 000.00 R: 000.00	R+ R-



button to enter into Home calibration menu.

1 Speed smbol

Press the SHIF button to select Low/High/Middle speed.

2 Display area

Display the current position of the soldering tip.

③ Jog mode

All axis can be moved manually by clicking



5.3.3 Temperature calibration menu



Press SHIF button for 3s to enter into the temperature calibration menu.



Press button to change the digital; press button to change the number.

VI.Troubleshooting and maintenance

6.1 Troubleshooting

Item	Troubleshooting	Reason	Measure		
1	The unit con't reget	Please check if the emergency	Dismiss the emergency BTN and		
1	The unit can't feset.	BTN was pressed or not.	press the ORG BTN.		
	The Z axis unit		If the unit's accurate decreased, reduce the speed and it will be		
2	movement wasn't accurate.	Out of the weight or the speed.	remission. Adjust the verticality or parallelism of the track, tighten the screws of the tracks.		
3	The motor is abnormal.	The board or the motor is bad.	If it was still bad after changed the signal wires of motor, the board doesn't have matter .change the wires of drivers, if the bad one works after changed the wires, it proves the motor was bad, if the normal one doesn't work, it proves the driver is bad.		
4	The fuse has burned.	If the replacement of the fuse is still malfunctioning, it could be that the motherboard is broken.	Replace it.		
5	The motor is vibrating at the origin when reset.	The photoelectric switch is bad or the drive plate has a problem.	Replacing the photoelectric remains the problem, it will be driven problem.		
6	X-axis only turns to one direction motion.	Driver board of X-axis is broken.	Replace it		
7	The unit is always alarming.	If overcome the trouble it was still alarming, maybe the emergency BTN was bad or the alarm flag wasn't feedback.	Press the emergency BTN and check if power will be cut or not. If the power wasn't cut, the emergency BTN is bad.		

Item	Troubleshooting	Reason	Measure	
8	The high temperature of the motor, no power input.	The chain guide wheel falls off or breaks.	Change guide wheel.	
9	Drive shaft of motor fracture.	Because of the long time force operation, the drive shaft and the base screw loose, creating a gap, resulting in wear and tear.	Remove the drive shaft and weld and tighten the loose screws.	
10	The motor position is tilted and the running chain is abnormal.	The motor bracket is not fixed with the limit bolt.	Adjust the motor position and fix it.	
11	Cylinder problem.	Cylinder regulating valve damages.	Replace the cylinder.	
12	Sports parts are jammed.	The screw of the proximity sensor loosens, leading to a deviation near the sensor position.	Calibration of proximity sensors.	
13	The accuracy of the machine declined.	 Loose guide rail X-axis and Y-axis out of the vertical. 	 Readjust the straightness, perpendicularity and levelness of the guide rail. Adjust the bolts of the crossbar and machine link. 	
14	There is something strange in the lead screw.	 The bearings are damaged. short of lubricating oil. 	 Clean or change the bearings. Add the lubricating oil. 	
15	The lead screw is shaking while moving.	 The lead screw is bent. The lead screw is not concentricity with the motor. 	 Change the lead screw. Adjust the place of the lead screw. 	
16	The pressure watch is beating at work, and the pressure value is set to swing	The sealing surface of the valve is attached to water or oxides.	Remove the valve and clean the moisture and oxides.	

Item	Troubleshooting	Reason	Measure	
	back and forth.			
		1. The belts loosen.	1. Adjust the motor's place for	
17	The belts slipped.	2. There is some lubricating	tightening the belt.	
		oil on the belts.	2. Clean the lubricating oil.	
18	The sliding block		1. Adjust the clearance between	
	movement is	The conductive social social	guide rail and slide block.	
	retarded, the guide	The gap between guide rall	2. When the puncture is worn, it	
	way is febrile, and	and slider is too small.	needs to remove the guide rail and	
	wear phenomenon.		slide, and repair the puncture site.	

6.2 Daily check and maintenance

Safety instructions:



Risk of electric shock

Be sure to open the cabinet door after the power off

Cut off the power supply for 5 minutes and replace the servo unit (including the rectifier) and control the power unit. During this time, please do not touch the terminal!



Risk of electric shock and injury

After the repair, please do not forget the tool in the electric control cabinet, make

sure the door of the electric control cabinet is closed.

The total power supply control cabinet and the relevant control box should be

labeled "no power supply", so as to prevent non-related personnel from closing the switch

Daily check of soldering robot:

1) Check if there's flammable or explosive item close to the soldering robot.

2) Check if the working voltage is correct.

3) Clean the soldering tip. Check if the tip is corroded or worn out. If so, please replace it.

4) Check if the tube of wire feeder is in good condition. Check if the tube is blocked.

5) Check if airflow is normal, if the air tube is smooth.

6) Check if zero position of each axis is correct.

7) Test the movement and communication performance of soldering robot.

8) Check if the emergency button can be pushed and unscrewed normally.

9) Clean the working environment of soldering robot.

10) Check if the external screws of the soldering robot are screwed well.

11) Write down equipment condition in each shift.

12) Run a testing program after each shift.

Examination period of robot projects:

Inspecting with power off						
Items	Position	Daily	Monthly	3 months	6 months	12 months
Check whether screws and	Screws in the covers.	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
structure is	Screws in the robot.	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
fastened.	locking bolt of robot		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Screws in the axles.					\checkmark
	Motor and reducer screws.					\checkmark
Check whether socket is	Socket on the surface of robot.	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
fastened.	Socket in the robot		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Check whether	Robot appearance		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
robot is abrasion. Clean dust on the equipment.	External cables		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Check whether it is curving or position skewing. Please repair or send to repair station if necessary.	The axis position of the robot	V	V	\checkmark	1	1
The condition	Please refer to the				N	N

of the grease	"maintenance of ball			
	screw" and "linear			
	guide rail".			

Inspecting with power on								
Items	Position	Daily	Monthly	3 months	6 months	12 months		
Inspecting the working area.	Every axle					\checkmark		
Shake tenderly and check whether lines are break.	External cable				V	\checkmark		
Press and check whether axles shaking while MOTOR ON status.	Every axle.					V		
Inspecting Human-computer interface. Including keys, buttons, lights, emergency stop buttons function.	Operation panel, emergency stop button, light house.	\checkmark	V	V	V	V		
Check whether motion and vibration is normal.	Entire	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

6.2.1 Cooling fan maintenance

Cooling fan rotation is abnormal, the temperature in the control cabinet will rise, the electric control cabinet will malfunction, all should check cooling fan

Control the fan in the cabinet and the back fan to turn when the power is connected, so check whether the fan is rotating, and the air volume of the outlet and the suction vents are checked to confirm whether the rotation is normal.

6.2.2 Maintenance of emergency stop button

The emergency stop button is a safety device, and it must be pressed in hazardous situations.

When pressed, the emergency stop button locks in and therefore remains active. The current operating mode is stopped immediately, all movements are stopped; fault and error message appears; the machine cannot be restarted as the button locks in when pressed and thus remains active. After resolving the error, the emergency stop button must be pulled out as acknowledgement.

6.2.3 Maintenance of robot movement mechanism

Robot is a precision equipment, need time and maintenance, keep good lubrication condition, must strengthen the maintenance and maintenance, at any time, timing, clean up dirt, oil, ensure the robot to work under a good condition, this can avoid some faults occur frequently, reduce downtime, and can guarantee or to extend the service life of machine.

(-) Daily Maintenance

- 1. Clean the solder and glue after working.
- 2. Must change or clean the tips frequently.
- 3. Don't touch the track for avoiding rust.
- 4. Check if the parts are normal before work.
- (\Box) Regular Maintenance

You should maintain the machine about three months, if you always use it. The details are as follow:

Take off the cover of X-axis, clean the screw and track, check the screw if loose or not, spread lubricant on the screw and track, move the X-axis for spread more lubricant. Then take on the cover.

Take off the cover of Y-axis, clean the screw and track, check the screw if loose or not, spread lubricant on the screw and track, move the Y-axis for spread more lubricant. Check the screw of light sensor. Then take on the cover.

Take off the cover of Z-axis, clean the screw and track, check the screw if loose or not, spread lubricant on the screw and track, move the Z-axis for spread more lubricant. Check the screw of light sensor. Then take on the cover.

Belt: check if the belt is loosened. Adjust the belt if it loosened: firstly, disassemble the fixed screw. Secondly, pull the motor back. Then press the belt 10N stress at the mid of the belt, bend

10~15mm. Finally it is fixed.

Check the straightness, perpendicularity and operating accuracy of the guide regularly every quarter. If abnormal, it should be adjusted in time

Replace the worn component.

The maintenance of the electrical part is mainly to check the connection of the conductor. Check whether the pins of each plug are crooked, whether the wires are broken and the welding falls off Clean the internal dust of the electric control cabinet carefully and check whether the connection is loose, whether the appearance of the components appears abnormal, and whether the switch and button are normal

After the inspection, check the signal and then measure the motion characteristics. After an error-free time, you can set up a file to run for ten minutes without losing your step (which requires all directions to go to the limit), then complete the regular maintenance. For users who use less frequently, regular maintenance time can be half a year, maintenance content is the same.

6.2.4 Oil-water separator maintenance

- 1. When installing, it is forbidden to drop or make it suffer a strong shock to avoid damage.
- Make sure to use the screws to secure a secure fixture on the welding robot before it can be used.
- 3. The recommended use of air pressure is less than 0.7Mpa.
- 4. Regularly remove water from oil and water separator, remove regularly and wash with tube brush.

6.2.5 Linear guide maintenance

- Lubricate the linear track every 100km walking. Even if you don't use it very often, you need to add it regularly.
- 2. Do not lubricate too much grease.
- 3. Inject the grease into the block. Do not straightly smear the grease on the surface of block.
- 4. Avoid sliding block into foreign body to affect life.

How to inject the grease:

1. Stop the unit. Inject into the nozzle 0.7cc grease.

Allow the slider to move back and forth, allowing the inner steel to roll completely.
 Repeat ①&②, inspect whether grease adhere to the end of track.

6.2.6 Maintenance of ball screw

- Inject grease with grease gun by many times. Roll the screw spindle half-turn after injecting one time (Inject 0.7cc each time). Notice: Do not inject rated grease, otherwise it will not be lubricated completely.
- 2. Finished lubricating rated grease, Push the block for a round trip to spread grease.
- 3. Daily maintenance of the wire feeder unit
- The tube of solder wire feeder would be blocked by the rosin after a long period of using. Check and clean it (with alcohol) regularly.
- 5. Do not over bend or rotate the tube in case of wire jam.
- 6. Check if the diameter of the tube assembly is same as which of the wire feeder.
- Turn the pressure adjustment screw clockwise if the wire cannot be fed smoothly. Turn it anti-clockwise if the wire was pressed too much.
- 8. Do not tighten the press adjustment screw too much to protect the press spring.

6.2.7 Daily maintenance of heating controller

- Turn off the heating controller when not in use. Pull out the power cable if not use it for a long time.
- Reliable grounding is essential for the soldering robot. Do not use the power cable without ground.
- 3. Replace the fuse of the heating controller if it is broken: Turn off the heating controller, pull out the power cable, remove the fuse cover, take out the defective fuse and put a new one.

6.2.8 Soldering tip

- 1. High temperature would affect/decrease the lifetime of soldering tip. Set the temperature as per application but as low as possible.
- 2. The oxide and carbide produced by residual flux will damage the soldering tip, like soldering deviation and slow heat conduction etc. Clean the soldering tip regularly (every week for

long time continuous using).

3. Under high temperature, the solder in tip will produce oxide, which will damage its heat conduction. Turn off the heating controller when not use.

6.2.9 Prolong the lifetime of soldering tip

- 1. Coat the soldering tip with solder to prevent oxide.
- 2. Set the temperature as per application but as low as possible.
- 3. Choose the right type of soldering tip.
- 4. The plating would be broken if the tip is bent. Do not use the soldering tip as a detecting tool.
- 5. Activated rosin will corrode the tip plating. Choose the solder wire with less activated rosin.
- 6. Do not press the soldering tip. Much pressure is not helpful for heat conduction. Melt the solder wire to create a solder bridge between tip and point, to speed up heat transfer.

Product No.	Product Name	Туре	Remark	
212N100264	Feeding Wire Tube Assembly	9021QC-500-0.8	Packing	
215N003297	Feeder tube holder	9005QA		
212N000775	Solder wire feeder device	371LI/371L	0.8mm	
215N004927	Heating controller	378FA		
210N101661	Soldering iron	9018M		

6.2.10 Consumable material list